## August 2024 Update

## Too Little, Too Late?

The Fed laid the groundwork for a September rate cut at last week's Federal Open Market Committee meeting. The Fed is currently communicating that forthcoming rate cuts will be "maintenance cuts" that prioritize continued economic growth over the 2% inflation target. Monetary policy will remain restrictive, just less so.

• US GDP growth accelerated from 1.4% in Q1 to 2.8% in Q2 and appears to have <u>maintained similar momentum</u> into the third quarter.

We are not dismissive of recent weakness in economic data. Most recessions over the last 100 years have been catalyzed by overly restrictive Fed policy and it is possible that the Fed has waited too long to normalize monetary policy.

- Last week's jobs report signaled that hiring slowed considerably, and the unemployment rate shifted higher to 4.3%.
- We don't believe policy cuts are urgently needed to prevent a US recession, but market
  participants have priced in a 60% chance of a Fed rate cut before the next scheduled
  meeting.
- Highly leveraged parts of the US economy are showing continued weakness, but, as we discussed during our <u>third quarter</u> live stream, we believe the three-legged stool supporting the US economy (households, firms, and banks) remains intact.
- Aggregate household income continues to grow at a healthy annualized rate of +4%.
- After two years of stagnant earnings growth, consensus forecasts imply S&P 500 earnings growth of 15% data for the next 12 months.

The equity market decline that began in mid-July picked up steam over the last few trading days. Based on Monday morning equity futures, the S&P is down approximately 8-9% from mid-July. Despite this retracement, the index remains up 10% year-to-date.

- These equity market declines currently fall into the category of "normal volatility." We expect a 10% decline in US equities every year and a 15-20% decline every 3-5 years.
- US equity weakness has been concentrated in large cap growth stocks. As of Friday, the <u>Magnificent 7</u> had appreciated over 20% year-to-date, but were down nearly 15% from their early July highs. The non-Magnificent 493 other stocks in the S&P had fallen about 3%.
- Japanese stocks led the sell-off internationally and have declined 27% since mid-July.

The ongoing equity sell-off is likely due to a confluence of factors:



- First and foremost, it appears as though a Japanese Yen-funded carry trade is being unwound. Investors had leveraged their portfolios by borrowing yen to buy other assets, including the Magnificent 7 (Mag 7). The Yen has risen 14% over the last few weeks, forcing investors to sell risk assets to cover Yen losses.
- Second, weaker-than-expected economic data has led to concerns that the Fed is falling behind in reducing policy rates.
- Finally, there is profit-taking in US large-cap growth due to the Mag 7.

We believe the overall backdrop remains supportive of risk assets.

- Financial conditions have been easing since early 2023, the Fed will soon cut policy rates, and the economic cycle remains intact. Lower bond yields will also support growth.
- Our target asset allocation, which is a starting point for customization, remains neutral equities, underweight fixed income, and overweight private debt.
- Within equities, we are overweight US and US small cap, funded from an underweight to international equities.

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